PRODUCTION AND PURIFICATION OF CHITINASE BY TRICHODERMA HARZIANUM FOR CONTROL OF SCLEROTIUM ROLFSII

SARASWATHI MADDU & JAYA MADHURI RAVURI

Department of Applied Microbiology, Sri Padmavati Mahila Visvavidyalayam, Tirupati, Andhra Pradesh, India

ABSTRACT

Trichoderma species are potent biological control agents against several plant pathogens. In the present study twenty isolates of *Trichoderma* were isolated and screened for their antagonistic activity against *Sclerotium rolfsii*. All the isolates were able to inhibit the *S.rolfsii* in vitro, but T_7 , T_9 , T_{10} , T_{13} and T_{18} were superior antagonists compared to other isolates of *Trichoderma*. T_{10} isolate is used for the production and purification of chitinase, due to their high enzymatic activity when screened in the medium containing chitin as sole a carbon source. T10 isolate produced the chitinases with molecular mass of 74 kDa (N-acetylglucosaminidase) and 32 kDa (endochitinase).

KEYWORDS: Antagonism, Chitin, Chitinases, Sclerotium rolfsii, Stem Rot, Trichoderma